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PATENT COOPERATION TRE

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty) 540227

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 15685PCT00				FOR FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416				
international applications		International filing date (da	ny/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 07.01.2003				
PCT/DK2004/000001 07.01.2			07.01.2004		07.01.2003			
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC C12N15/10								
Applicant SYMPHOGEN A/S, et al.								
A	 This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 							
	The state of a total of E change including this cover sheet							
з. т	3 This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:							
a	🛛 sent to the	applicant and t	o the International Burea	u) a total of 5 shee	ets, as follows:			
	 sheets of the description, clalms and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions). 							
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.								
b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).								
	This report contain	ine indications r	relating to the following it	ems:				
1 7	Box No. I	Basis of the op	oinion					
	Box No. II	Priority		rd to povelty invent	tive step and industrial applicability			
1 :	☐ Box No. III			id to floverty, invent				
1	Box No. IV	Lack of unity of	of invention tement under Article 35/3) with regard to not	relty, inventive step or industrial			
'	⊠ Box No. V	applicability; c	itations and explanations	supporting such st	atement			
	☐ Box No. VI	Certain docum	nents cited			•		
	☐ Box No. VII	Certain defect	s in the international app	lication .				
	☐ Box No. VIII	Certain obser	vations on the internation	al application	•			
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preliminary examining authority:					·	11		
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/DK2004/000001

	Box No. I Basis of the report							
١.	filed, unless otherwise indicated t							
	which is the language of a transitional search (und	lations from the original language into the following language, anslation furnished for the purposes of: er Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) ional application (under Rule 12.4) examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)						
2.		the international application, this report is based on <i>(replacement sheets which</i> ving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this						
	Description, Pages							
	1-65	as originally filed						
	. Sequence listings part of the desc	Sequence listings part of the description, Pages						
	1-2	as originally filed						
	Claims, Numbers 1-40	received on 18.12.2004 with letter of 18.12.2004						
	Drawings, Sheets							
	1/12-12/12	as originally filed						
	☑ a sequence listing and/or as	ny related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing						
3	The amendments have res the description, pages the claims, Nos. 41-47 the drawings, sheets/fig: the sequence listing (sp any table(s) related to s	s <i>ecify)</i> : equence listing <i>(specify)</i> :						
	had not been made, since they Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)) the description, pages the claims, Nos. the drawings, sheets/fig the sequence listing (sp. any table(s) related to se	s pecify):						
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International application No. PCT/DK2004/000001

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial Box No. V applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1-40

No:

No:

Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims Claims 1-40

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-40

Claims No:

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet



International application No. PCT/DK2004/000001

Supplemental Box relating to Sequence Listing

		tion of Box I, item 2:				
1.	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this report has been established on the basis of:					
	a. type	e of material:				
	\boxtimes	a sequence listing				
		table(s) related to the sequence listing				
	nat of material:					
	\boxtimes	in written format				
	\boxtimes	in computer readable form				
	c. tim	e of filing/furnishing:				
	×	contained in the international application as filed				
	\boxtimes	filed together with the international application in computer readable form				
		furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search and/or examination				
		received by this Authority as an amendment on				
2	t	n addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table(s) relating hereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.				
3	. Addit	ional observations, if necessary:				

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/DK2004/000001

Re Item V

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Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: WO 02/055718 (GENETASTIX CORP); 18 July 2002

D2: WO 02/44361 (APPLIED MOLECULAR EVOLUTION INC.); 6 June 2002

The subject-matter of <u>claims 1-40</u> is novel over the available prior art (**Article 33(2) PCT**) and appears to involve an inventive step (**Article 33(3) PCT**) for the following reasons:

- i. The present application relates to the manufacturing of recombinant polyclonal proteins by generating a collection of cells wherein each cell has site-specifically integrated into its genome a nucleic acid which encodes one distinct member of the polyclonal proteins. The integrated nucleic acid derives from a library of vectors, each encoding a single member of the polyclonal proteins and having one or more recombinase recognition sites which correspond to recombinase recognition sequences present in the cells.
- ii. Polyclonal proteins, in particular monoclonal antibodies, are important therapeutics. They are either prepared from blood of human donors or by mixing monoclonal antibodies. The present application provides a manufacturing system which is not dependent on human blood and which allows the production in a few bioreactors as a single preparation.
 - iii. Even though, the methods used in the application were known in the prior art (see for example D1 and D2), it is considered inventive, because it does not appear obvious to combine the methods in order to arrive at the manufacturing system of the present application.

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CLAIMS

1. A method for generating a collection of cells suitable as a recombinant polyclonal manufacturing cell line, said method comprising:

- a) providing a library of vectors comprising a population of variant nucleic acid sequences, wherein each of said vectors comprises 1) one single copy of a distinct nucleic acid sequence encoding a distinct member of a polyclonal protein comprising distinct members that bind a particular antigen and 2) one or more recombinase recognition sequences;
- b) Introducing said library of vectors into a host cell line, wherein the genome of each individual cell of said host cell line comprises recombinase recognition sequences, matching those of the vector, at a single specific site in its genome;
- c) ensuring the presence in said cells of one or more recombinases so that the variant nucleic acid sequences of step (a) are integrated site-specifically in the cells of the host cell line, where said one or more recombinases is/are either i) expressed by said cells into which said nucleic acid sequence is introduced; ii) operatively encoded by the vectors of step a; iii) provided through expression from a second vector; or iv) provided to the cell as a protein; and
 - d) selecting cells comprising an integrated copy from said library of variant nucleic acid sequences.
- The method according to claim 1, wherein the polyclonal protein is not naturally associated with said collection of cells.
 - 3. The method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said polyclonal protein is a polyclonal antibody or antibody fragment.
- The method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said polyclonal protein is a polyclonal T
 cell receptor or T cell receptor fragment.
 - 5. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said library of vectors is introduced into said host cell line by bulk transfection of a collection of said host cells with said library of vectors.
- 6. The method according to any one of claims 1-4, wherein said library of vectors is introduced into said host cell line by semi-bulk transfection of aliquots of said host cells with fractions comprising 5 to 50 individual vectors of said library of vectors, and said cells are pooled to form a collection of cells suitable as a recombinant polyclonal manufacturing cell line prior or subsequent to the selection of step (d).

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- 7. The method according to any one of claims 1-4, wherein said library of vectors for site-specific integration is introduced into said host cell line by transfecting said host cells separately with individual members of said library of vectors, and said cells are pooled to form a collection of cells suitable as a recombinant polyclonal manufacturing cell line prior or subsequent to the selection of step (d).
- 8. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the population of variant nucleic acids in step (a) are isolated or identified by the aid of a screening procedure that enables identification and/or isolation of nucleic acids that encode protein which bind said particular antigen.
- 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the screening procedure includes a biopanning step and/or an immunodetection assay.
 - 10. The method according to claim 8 or 9, wherein said screening procedure is selected from the group consisting of phage display, ribosome display, DNA display, RNA-peptide display, covalent display, bacterial surface display, yeast surface display, eukaryotic virus display, ELISA and ELISPOT.
 - 11. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said library of variant nucleic acid sequences comprises at least 3 variant nucleic acid sequences.
 - 12. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein individual members of said library of variant nucleic acid sequences are integrated in a single predefined genomic locus of individual cells in said collection of cells, said locus being capable of mediating high-level expression of each member of said recombinant polyclonal protein.
 - 13. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein each distinct nucleic acid sequence comprises a pair of gene segments that encode a member of a polyclonal protein comprised of two different polypeptide chains.
- 25 14. The method according to claim 13, wherein said pair of gene segments comprise an antibody heavy chain variable region encoding sequence and an antibody light chain variable region encoding sequence.
 - 15. The method according to claim 13, wherein said pair of gene segments comprise a T cell receptor alpha chain variable region encoding sequence and a T cell receptor beta chain variable region encoding sequence.

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- 16. The method according to claim 13, wherein said pair of gene segments comprise a T cell receptor gamma chain variable region encoding sequence and a T cell receptor delta chain variable region encoding sequence.
- 17. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said library of variant
 nucleic acid sequences comprises a naturally occurring diversity located within the variant
 nucleic acid sequences.
 - 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the naturally occurring diversity is located in CDR regions present in said variant nucleic acid sequences.
- 19. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said collection of cells10 Is derived from a mammalian cell line or cell type.
 - 20. The method according to claim 19, wherein said mammalian cell line is selected from the group consisting of Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, COS cells, BHK cells, YB2/0, NIH 3T3, myeloma cells, fibroblasts, HeLa, HEK 293, PER.C6, and cell lines derived thereof.
 - 21. A method for the manufacture of a polyclonal protein, wherein said polyclonal protein comprises distinct members that bind a particular antigen, said method comprising:
 - a) providing a collection of cells comprising a library of variant nucleic acid sequences, where each of said nucleic acid sequences encode a distinct member of said polyclonal protein and where each of said nucleic acid sequences are integrated at the same, single site of the genome of each individual cell in said collection of cells;
 - b) culturing said collection of cells under conditions facilitating expression of said polyclonal protein; and
 - c) recovering said expressed polyclonal protein from the cell culture cells or cell culture supernatant.
 - 22. The method according to claims 21, wherein the collection of cells in step (a) is generated according to the method of any one of claims 1-20.
 - 23. The method according to claim 21 or 22, wherein the polyclonal protein is not naturally associated with said collection of cells.
 - 24. The method according to any one of claims 21-23, wherein the library of variant nucleic acids in step (a) are isolated or identified in an earlier step by the aid of a screening procedure that enables identification and/or isolation of nucleic acids that encode protein which bind said particular antigen.

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- 25. The method according to claim 24, wherein the screening procedure includes a biopanning step and/or an immunodetection assay.
- 26. The method according to claim 24 or 25, wherein said screening procedure is selected from the group consisting of phage display, ribosome display, DNA display, RNA-peptide display, covalent display, bacterial surface display, yeast surface display, eukaryotic virus display, ELISA, and ELISPOT.
 - 27. The method according to any one of claims 21-26, wherein said polyclonal protein is a polyclonal antibody or antibody fragment.
- 28. The method according to any one of claims 21-26, wherein said polyclonal protein is a polyclonal T cell receptor or T cell receptor fragment.
 - 29. The method according to any one of claims 21-28, wherein the relative expression levels of the variant nucleic acid sequences are monitored.
 - 30. The method according to claim 29, wherein said expression levels are monitored at mRNA level and/or protein level.
- 15 31. The method according to claim 29 or 30, wherein the culturing in step (b) is terminated at the latest when the relative expression levels are outside a predetermined range.
 - 32. A recombinant polyclonal manufacturing cell line comprising a collection of cells transfected with a library of variant nucleic acid sequences, wherein each cell in the collection is transfected with and capable of expressing one member of the library, which encodes a distinct member of a polyclonal protein that binds a particular antigen and which is located at the same single site in the genome of individual cells in said collection, wherein said nucleic acid sequence is not naturally associated with said cell in the collection.
 - 33. The recombinant polyclonal manufacturing cell line according to claim 32, wherein said library of variant nucleic acid sequences encodes a polyclonal antibody or antibody fragment having a naturally occurring diversity among the individual members of said polyclonal antibody or antibody fragments.
 - 34. The recombinant polycional manufacturing cell line according to claim 32, wherein said library of variant nucleic acid sequences encodes a polycional T cell receptor or T cell receptor

fragment having a naturally occurring diversity among the individual members of said polyclonal T cell receptor or T-cell receptor fragment.

- 35. The recombinant polyclonal manufacturing cell line according to any one of claims 32-34, wherein said collection of cells is derived from a mammalian cell line or cell type.
- 36. The recombinant polyclonal manufacturing cell line according to claim 35, wherein said mammalian cell line is selected from the group consisting of Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, COS cells, BHK cells, YB2/0, NIH 3T3, myeloma cells, fibroblasts, HeLa, HEK 293, PER.C6, and derivative cell lines thereof.
 - 37. A library of vectors for site-specific integration comprising a population of naturally occurring variant nucleic acid sequences, wherein each of said vectors comprises 1) one copy of a distinct nucleic acid sequence encoding a distinct member of a polyclonal protein that binds a particular antigen and 2) one or more recombinase recognition sequences.
 - 38. The library according claim 37, wherein said population of naturally occurring variant nucleic acid sequences encode a polyclonal antibody or antibody fragment.
- 39. The library according claim 37, wherein said population of naturally occurring variant nucleic acid sequences encode a polyclonal T cell receptor T cell receptor fragment.
 - 40. The library according to any one of claims 37-39, wherein each member of said library of vectors further comprises a recombinase encoding nucleic acid sequence.